

STAT INFO



December 7th 2022

Balance of payments – France • October 2022

The current account deficit decreased in October

The current account deficit (seasonally and working-day adjusted data) stood at 3.8 billion euros in October after 7.3 billion in September. This decrease is linked to the reduction of the goods deficit (-10.1 billion euros in October against -13.7 billion in September) which benefited from the reduction of the energy bill (8.9 billion euros in October against 12.3 billion in September). At the same time, the surplus on services remained stable at 4.4 billion euros in October (against 4.3 billion in September).

The financial account (not seasonally adjusted) showed net capital inflows of 12.2 billion euros. Portfolio investment recorded net investments abroad of 20.3 billion euros, offset by net inflows in loans and borrowings of 31.3 billion euros.

France's balance of payments

(EUR billions)	2020	2021	Sep-22	Oct-22
	(a)	(a)	(b)	(b)
Current account (seasonally and working-day adjusted)	-41.5	9.0	-7.3	-3.8
Goods (1)	-59.1	-67.4	-13.7	-10.1
Energy	-23.9	-41.0	-12.3	-8.9
Goods excl. Energy	-35.2	-26.4	-1.4	-1.2
Services	18.7	36.4	4.3	4.4
Travel	4.2	5.1	1.6	1.4
Transport services	-0.7	16.5	1.8	1.9
Professional and management consulting services, Research and development and Technical services, trade-related and other business services	9.0	10.9	0.6	0.6
Other services (2)	6.2	4.0	0.2	0.5
Primary and secondary income (3)	-1.1	40.0	2.1	2.0
Capital account (not adjusted)	2.1	11.7	0.8	0.5
Financial account (not adjusted)	-54.3	3.0	-17.9	-12.2
Direct investment	5.5	-9.7	-0.1	0.4
- Abroad	17.0	64.9	6.3	5.4
- In France	11.5	74.6	6.4	5.1
Portfolio investment	-33.1	-5.3	-62.0	20.3
- Assets	141.2	98.8	-41.1	18.3
- Liabilities	174.3	104.1	21.0	-2.0
Financial derivatives	-23.8	17.8	5.6	-2.1
Loans and deposits(4)	-6.8	-22.6	38.6	-31.3
Reserve assets	4.0	22.8	0.1	0.5
Net errors and omissions	-14.8	-17.7	-14.5	-6.7

⁽a) Yearly 2021 data (b) Provisional data

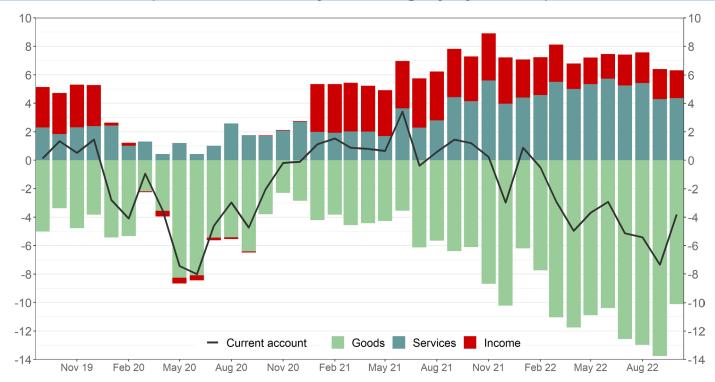
Source and production: BANQUE DE FRANCE - DGSEI

⁽¹⁾ to (4) See methodological notes on page 2.





Current account balance and its components (billion euros, seasonally and working-day adjusted data)



Methodological notes relating to page 1 table

- (1) Data on trade in goods are FOB-FOB values, which means without cost, insurance and freight. This expenditure is recorded in the services item. Exchanges of goods cover General merchandise published by the Directorate General of Customs and Excise (DGDDI) on one side, merchanting and methodological adjustments calculated by the Banque de France, on the other side. In order to ensure the comparability of French balance of payments with those of other countries and conformity with the international standards, the international standard for Balance of Payments statistics is released under the aegis of the International Monetary Fund. The key concept for the balance of payments is the concept of economic ownership which is consistent with the national accounts.
- (2) Services other than travel (tourism and professional travels), transport services, professional and management consulting services, R&D and development and technical services, trade-related and other business services include manufacturing, maintenance and repair, construction, insurance and pension services, financial services, charges for the use of intellectual property, telecommunication, computer and information services, personal, cultural and recreational services and government goods and services.
- (3) Income includes primary and secondary incomes. Primary income refers to the flows received by economic agents for their participation in the production process ("compensation of employees") or for the provision of financial assets ("investment income") or for the rental of natural resources ("rent"). Taxes and subsidies on products and production are also included in primary income. Secondary income records current transfers between residents and non-residents. A transfer is a transaction that involves the provision of a good, service, financial asset or another non-produced asset without receiving something of economic value in exchange. (4) The "other investment" (loans and deposits) component of the financial account includes all transactions in financial assets and liabilities with non-residents that do not concern direct investment, portfolio investment, financial derivatives or reserve assets. In practice, this mainly concerns bank deposits and interbank lending, as well as loans and deposits made by insurance companies and all kinds of investment companies and funds.

On the Banque de France website a detailed methodological note on balance of payments and international investment position can be found. Highlights on specific topics are also available:

- foreign direct investments (English and French),
- remittances (French),
- international tourism in France (French),
- international banking activity (English and French),
- banks foreign establishment (French),
- net foreign assets (English and French),
- business services (French).











